Rutting vocal displays in a game species, Mongolian gazelle

Procapra gutturosa

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AIM

Mongolian gazelle is a traditional ungulate game species of Mongolia. During the rut in December, males held harems and defend them against other males. The aim of this study was to describe vocalizations produced by male and female Mongolian gazelles during the rut.

METHODS

Daursky Nature Reserve, Transbaikalia, Russia (50.01N; 115.72E)







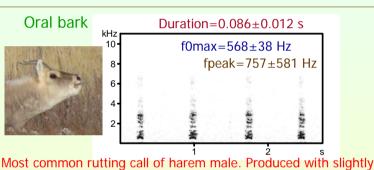


4 automated SongMeter SM2+ recorders (900 h in total)

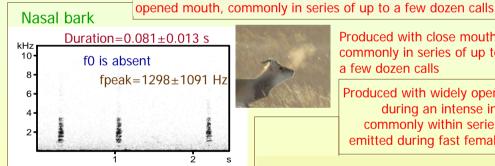
Acoustic analyses in Avisoft SASLab Pro 10 - 25 December 2017



CALL ACOUSTICS



Nasal snort Duration 0.20 - 025 s f0 is absent Produced at a strong expiration, in the situations when animal spotted people or a car



Produced with close mouth, commonly in series of up to a few dozen calls

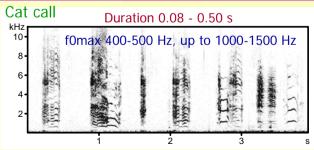
Produced with widely opened mouth during an intense inspiration, commonly within series of barks emitted during fast female chasing

Duration up to 0.5 s Running call f0max 200-300 Hz

Nasal snort







Most common female call. Produced singly or in irregular series during contacts with females within a harem or when running from a chasing male

Duration 0.20 - 025 s f0 is absent Similar with male snorts. but were often produced

in irregular series

CONCLUSION

This investigation of calls produced by male and female Mongolian gazelles during the rut. In contrast to males, the female calls were surprisingly high-frequency for such large animals and acoustically undistinguishable from the calls of neonate Mongolian gazelles, described in a previous study



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