Syllable types and acoustic variables of ultrasonic vocalization in pup and adult fat-tailed gerbils (Pachyuromys duprasi)

Volodin Ilya^{1,2}, Zaytseva Alexandra^{1,2}, Ilchenko Olga^{2,} Volodina Elena² ¹Lomonosov Moscow State University, Russia volodinsvoc@gmail.com

Ultrasonic vocalizations (USVs) of laboratory rodents indicate animal emotional arousal and may serve as models of human disorders. Aim: To develop the classification of the fat-tailed gerbil USV syllables and to compare their acoustics between pups and adults.

²Moscow Zoo, Russia;

Classification of ultrasonic syllables

kHz	flat	chev	vron	downward	upward	short	complex	
/5		\sim						





http://www.bioacoustica.org





24 pups 5-10 d old from 10 litters (782 calls) 7 adults (3 male, 4 female) (232 calls)

Laboratory colony of Moscow Zoo 420-s isolation-and-handling tests



Of potential 36 USV syllable types, pups had 18, adults had 24 (16 overlapped)

Comparison of USV syllables between pups and adults Note composition percentage **Contour shape percentage** 80 70



60.0 ± 10.5 kHz 47.9 ± 6.1 kHz fpeak <

Pup USV longer and lower in frequency than adult USV This was also true for most widespread single-note Flat and single-note Chevron USV taken separately.

50

40

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Ultrasonic vocalization of pup and adult fat-

OPEN ACCESS

tailed gerbils (*Pachyuromys duprasi*) odina EV (2019) Ultrasonic vocalization of pup 0.1371/journal.pone.0219749

Alexandra S. Zaytseva^{1,2}, Ilya A. Volodin ^{1,2}*, Olga G. Ilchenko², Elena V. Volodina²

Ontogenetic pathway of fat-tailed gerbils **USV** (towards shorter and higher-frequency calls) resembles those of bats but not other rodents.

